

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL  
SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**

*Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary  
Information, Supplementary Information and  
Federal Awards Information for the Year Ended  
June 30, 2022 and Independent Auditors' Reports*



# WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

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Certified Public Accountants

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

The Board of Education  
Williamsville Central School District, New York:

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### ***Opinions***

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Williamsville Central School District, New York, (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### ***Other Matter***

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

District management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### ***Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information



because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### ***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 11, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Drescher & Malecki LLP*

October 11, 2022



**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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As management of the Williamsville Central School District, New York (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the District's financial statements, which follow this narrative. For comparative purposes, certain data from the prior year has been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

**Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$282,192,440 (*net position*). Net position consists of \$186,566,723 net investment in capital assets, \$62,584,805 restricted for specific purposes, and unrestricted net position of \$33,040,912.
- The District's net position increased by \$40,114,973 during the year ended June 30, 2022.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$81,493,536, an increase of \$3,282,973 in comparison with the prior year's fund balance of \$78,210,563.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, *unassigned fund balance* for the General Fund was \$8,501,122, or approximately 4.1 percent of the total General Fund expenditures and transfers out. This total amount is *available for spending* at the District's discretion and constitutes approximately 10.9 percent of the General Fund's total fund balance of \$78,335,670 at June 30, 2022.
- The District's total bonded indebtedness decreased \$915,000 as a result of scheduled principal payments made during the year ended June 30, 2022.

**Overview of the Financial Statements**

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements**—The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the District include general support, instruction, pupil transportation, school food service, student activities, and interest and other fiscal charges. The District does not engage in any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

**Fund financial statements**—A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds**—*Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Special Aid Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-17 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds**—Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. The District maintains one fiduciary fund, the Private Purpose Trust Fund.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-19 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements**—The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20-47 of this report.

**Other information**—In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the District’s net pension liability/(asset), the changes in the District’s total other postemployment benefits (“OPEB”) obligation, and the District’s budgetary comparison for the General Fund. Required Supplementary Information and related notes to the Required Supplementary Information can be found on pages 48-55 of this report.

Other supplementary information is presented immediately following the Required Supplementary Information in the Supplementary Information section of this report on pages 56-60.

Finally, the Federal Awards Information section presents the District’s Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. This section can be found immediately following the Supplementary Information on pages 61-69 of this report.

### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of the District’s financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$282,192,440 at June 30, 2022, as compared to \$242,077,467, as restated, at the close of the year ended June 30, 2021.

Table 1, shown below, presents a condensed statement of net position of the District at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

**Table 1—Condensed Statements of Net Position**

	June 30,	
	2022	2021 (as restated)
Current assets	\$ 125,149,569	\$ 108,635,910
Noncurrent assets	288,890,981	177,893,965
Total assets	<u>414,040,550</u>	<u>286,529,875</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	60,494,292	60,112,907
Current liabilities	42,087,205	28,801,471
Noncurrent liabilities	35,237,747	51,716,928
Total liabilities	<u>77,324,952</u>	<u>80,518,399</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>115,017,450</u>	<u>24,046,916</u>
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	186,566,723	153,882,274
Restricted	62,584,805	67,180,892
Unrestricted	<u>33,040,912</u>	<u>21,014,301</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 282,192,440</u>	<u>\$ 242,077,467</u>

The largest portion of the District’s net position at June 30, 2022, \$186,566,723, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements and equipment), net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to students. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District’s investment in capital assets is reported net of related

debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net position, \$62,584,805, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used by grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The final portion of the District's net position is considered unrestricted net position, \$33,040,912, which represents resources that may be used to meet the District's ongoing operations.

Table 2, as presented below, shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

**Table 2—Condensed Statements of Changes in Net Position**

	Year Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,652,413	\$ 808,055
Operating grants and contributions	17,812,023	11,322,646
Capital grants and contributions	346,904	-
General revenues	<u>199,855,362</u>	<u>186,545,810</u>
Total revenues	<u>219,666,702</u>	<u>198,676,511</u>
Program expenses	<u>179,551,729</u>	<u>195,240,308</u>
Change in net position	40,114,973	3,436,203
Net position—beginning	242,077,467	237,699,877
Restatement	<u>-</u>	<u>941,387</u>
Net position—ending	<u>\$ 282,192,440</u>	<u>\$ 242,077,467</u>

Overall revenues increased 10.6 percent from the prior year, primarily due to increased state sources-unrestricted related to the basic formula and operating grants and contributions related to federal aid from COVID-19 related relief programs. Total expenses decreased 8.0 percent from the prior year, mainly due to a decrease in allocable employee benefit costs related to changes in the District's net pension assets, which were previously in a pension liability position at June 30, 2021.

A summary of sources of revenues for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 is presented on the following page in Table 3.

**Table 3—Summary of Sources of Revenues**

	Year Ended June 30,		Increase/(Decrease)	
	2022	2021	Dollars	Percent (%)
Charges for services	\$ 1,652,413	\$ 808,055	\$ 844,358	104.5
Operating grants and contributions	17,812,023	11,322,646	6,489,377	57.3
Capital grants and contributions	346,904	-	346,904	100.0
Real property taxes and other tax items	136,822,982	133,263,326	3,559,656	2.7
Non-property tax items	14,587,776	13,460,001	1,127,775	8.4
Use of money and property	416,342	257,651	158,691	61.6
Sale of property and compensation for loss	41,953	14,234	27,719	194.7
Miscellaneous	1,554,612	622,497	932,115	149.7
State sources—unrestricted	46,431,697	38,928,101	7,503,596	19.3
Total revenues	<u>\$ 219,666,702</u>	<u>\$ 198,676,511</u>	<u>\$ 20,990,191</u>	10.6

The most significant revenue items for the year ended June 30, 2022 were real property taxes and other tax items of \$136,822,982, or 62.3 percent of total revenues, State sources—unrestricted of \$46,431,697, or 21.1 percent of total revenues, and operating grants and contributions of \$17,812,023, or 8.1 percent of total revenues. Similarly, for the year ended June 30, 2021, the most significant revenue items were real property taxes and other tax items of \$133,263,326, or 67.1 percent of total revenues, State sources—unrestricted of \$38,928,101, or 19.6 percent of total revenues, and non-property tax items of \$13,460,001, or 6.8 percent of total revenues.

A summary of program expenses for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 is presented below in Table 4:

**Table 4—Summary of Program Expenses**

	Year Ended June 30,		Increase/(Decrease)	
	2022	2021	Dollars	Percent (%)
General support	\$ 26,505,588	\$ 28,555,929	\$ (2,050,341)	(7.2)
Instruction	137,902,963	153,365,022	(15,462,059)	(10.1)
Pupil transportation	10,394,991	10,149,178	245,813	2.4
Interest and other fiscal charges	400,468	432,168	(31,700)	(7.3)
School food service	3,745,129	2,416,101	1,329,028	55.0
Student activities	602,590	321,910	280,680	100.0
Total program expenses	<u>\$ 179,551,729</u>	<u>\$ 195,240,308</u>	<u>\$ (15,688,579)</u>	(8.0)

The most significant expense items for the year ended June 30, 2022 were instruction of \$137,902,963, or 76.8 percent of total expenses, general support of \$26,505,588, or 14.8 percent of total expenses, and pupil transportation expenses of \$10,394,991, or 5.8 percent of total expenses. Similarly, for the year ended June 30, 2021 the most significant expense items were instruction of \$153,365,022, or 78.6 percent of total expenses, general support of \$28,555,929, or 14.6 percent of total expenses, and pupil transportation expenses of \$10,149,178, or 5.2 percent of total expenses.

## Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds**—The focus of the District’s *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District’s financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government’s net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by an external party, the District itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for particular purposes by the Board of Education.

As of June 30, 2022, the District’s governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$81,493,536, an increase of \$3,282,973 from the prior year’s fund balance of \$78,210,563. Excluding the Capital Projects Fund fund balance deficit of \$1,304,956, the District’s governmental funds combined ending fund balances totaled \$82,798,492. Approximately 10.3 percent of this amount, \$8,501,122, constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the District’s discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, or *assigned*, to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form, \$760,992, 2) restricted for particular purposes, \$62,584,805, or 3) assigned for particular purposes, \$10,951,573.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,501,122, while total fund balance decreased to \$78,335,670. As a measure of the General Fund’s liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and transfers out. Unassigned fund balance represents 4.1 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 37.9 percent of that same amount.

The total fund balance of the District’s General Fund decreased by \$4,948,669 during the current fiscal year. During the annual budget process, the District anticipated utilizing \$11,913,519 of fund balance (this included funds appropriated from fund balance of \$5,574,000, an appropriation of reserves of \$4,130,000, and the re-appropriation of prior year’s encumbrances of \$2,209,519). Largely as a result of spending less than anticipated, mainly within instruction and central services, the District’s General Fund fund balance ended \$6,964,850 higher than expected.

Due to current year transfers from the General Fund, partially offset by continued capital outlay during the year ended June 30, 2022, the Capital Projects Fund reported an ending fund balance deficit of \$(1,304,956), as compared to a fund balance deficit of \$(7,303,010) at the close of the previous year. This deficit is anticipated to be remedied with the conversion of the short-term debt to long-term debt.

The Special Aid Fund maintains funds that are received from the State and Federal governments. Total revenues amounted to \$10,699,724 and were comprised of State and Federal sources. Expenditures totaled \$10,899,724 and were used toward the instruction and transportation of students. The remaining balance was funded by a transfer from the General Fund of \$200,000.



## General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's General Fund budget generally contains budget amendments during the year. The budget is allowed to be amended upward (increased) for prior year's encumbrances since the funds were allocated under the previous year's budget, and the District has appropriately assigned an equal amount of fund balance at year-end for this purpose. A summary of revisions from adopted budget to final budget is presented in Table 5 on the following page.

**Table 5—General Fund Budget**

Adopted budget, 2021-2022	\$ 205,020,967
Add: Prior year's encumbrances	<u>2,209,519</u>
Original budget, 2021-2022	207,230,486
Budget revisions:	
Capital reserve transfer	13,000,000
Gifts and donations	<u>117,051</u>
Final budget, 2021-2022	<u>\$ 220,347,537</u>

More detailed information about the District's General Fund budget is presented in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual—General Fund within the Requirement Supplementary Information section of this report.

## Capital Asset and Debt Administration

**Capital assets**—The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2022, amounted to \$195,361,692 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles, and right-to-use leased assets. All depreciable/amortizable capital assets were depreciated/amortized from acquisition date to the end of the current year as outlined in the District's capital asset policy.

Capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization for the governmental activities at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 are presented in Table 6 below:

**Table 6—Summary of Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization)**

	June 30,	
	2022	2021 (as restated)
Land	\$ 2,898,133	\$ 2,898,133
Construction in progress	44,693,716	26,165,817
Land improvements	223,716	240,694
Buildings and improvements	138,213,769	139,169,208
Equipment and vehicles	7,283,375	7,224,055
Right-to-use leased assets	<u>2,048,983</u>	<u>2,196,058</u>
Total	<u>\$ 195,361,692</u>	<u>\$ 177,893,965</u>

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

**Long-term liabilities**—At June 30, 2022, the District had bonded debt outstanding of \$5,810,000, as compared to \$6,725,000 in the prior year. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District made scheduled principal payments of \$915,000.

A summary of the District's long-term liabilities at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 is presented below in Table 7:

**Table 7—Summary of Long-Term Liabilities**

	June 30,	
	2022	2021 (as restated)
Serial bonds	\$ 5,810,000	\$ 6,725,000
Premium on serial bonds	414,020	500,824
Bonds payable, net	6,224,020	7,225,824
Lease liability	1,286,524	1,254,671
Compensated absences	24,303,929	25,667,473
Workers' compensation	1,548,394	2,016,334
OPEB obligation	1,874,880	1,671,820
Net pension liability	-	13,880,806
Total	<u>\$ 35,237,747</u>	<u>\$ 51,716,928</u>

Additional information on the District's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 12 to the financial statements.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates**

The unemployment rate, not seasonally adjusted, for the region at June 30, 2022 was 3.6 percent. This compares to New York State's unemployment rate of 4.4 percent. These factors are considered in preparing the District's budget.

During the current fiscal year, the District appropriated \$5,574,000 of the General Fund's unassigned fund balance in addition to the use of \$4,130,000 of restricted fund balance (reserves) for spending in the District's 2022-2023 fiscal year budget. The 2022-2023 adopted budget appropriations total of \$212,528,086 is an approximate increase of 3.7 percent as compared to the \$205,020,967 budgeted appropriations in 2021-2022. The District's total budgeted tax levy in 2021-2022 is \$137,200,000, which is an approximate increase of 2.5 percent as compared to \$133,790,000 levied during the 2021-2022 year.

### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Thomas R. Matuski, Assistant Superintendent for Finance and Management Services, Williamsville Central School District, 105 Casey Road, East Amherst, NY 14051.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Statement of Net Position**  
**June 30, 2022**

	<b>Primary Government Governmental Activities</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,155,110
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	90,200,710
Receivables	734,730
Intergovernmental receivables	11,298,027
Inventories	120,992
Cash value of life insurance	640,000
Noncurrent net pension asset	93,529,289
Capital assets not being depreciated	47,591,849
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>147,769,843</u>
Total assets	<u>414,040,550</u>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	
Deferred outflows—relating to pension plans	60,234,219
Deferred outflows—relating to OPEB	239,542
Deferred charge on refunding	<u>20,531</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>60,494,292</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Accounts payable	5,047,806
Accrued liabilities	920,058
Due to retirement systems	10,039,475
Unearned revenues	1,179,866
Bond anticipation notes payable	24,900,000
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	3,241,864
Due within more than one year	<u>31,995,883</u>
Total liabilities	<u>77,324,952</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	
Deferred inflows—relating to pension plans	114,730,170
Deferred inflows—relating to OPEB	<u>287,280</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>115,017,450</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>	
Net investment in capital assets	186,566,723
Restricted for:	
Insurance	1,963,784
Unemployment	157,933
Tax certiorari	350,000
Capital projects	28,093,241
Workers' compensation	2,966,221
Repairs	5,508,660
Employee benefits	9,169,001
Retirement contribution	13,351,055
Student activities	386,816
Debt service	638,094
Unrestricted	<u>33,040,912</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 282,192,440</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Statement of Activities**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:					
General support	\$ 26,505,588	\$ 23,921	\$ -	\$ 346,904	\$ (26,134,763)
Instruction	137,902,963	945,244	12,978,205	-	(123,979,514)
Pupil transportation	10,394,991	-	-	-	(10,394,991)
Interest and other fiscal charges	400,468	-	-	-	(400,468)
School food service	3,745,129	82,227	4,833,818	-	1,170,916
Student activities	602,590	601,021	-	-	(1,569)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 179,551,729</u>	<u>\$ 1,652,413</u>	<u>\$ 17,812,023</u>	<u>\$ 346,904</u>	<u>\$ (159,740,389)</u>
General revenues:					
Real property taxes and other tax items					136,822,982
Non-property tax items					14,587,776
Use of money and property					416,342
Sale of property and compensation for loss					41,953
Miscellaneous					1,554,612
State sources—unrestricted					<u>46,431,697</u>
Total general revenues					<u>199,855,362</u>
Change in net position					40,114,973
Net position—beginning, as restated					<u>242,077,467</u>
Net position—ending					<u>\$ 282,192,440</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds**  
**June 30, 2022**

	<u>General</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Special Aid</u>	<u>Total Nonmajor Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,614,186	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,540,924	\$ 22,155,110
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	61,580,355	27,070,087	713,039	837,229	90,200,710
Receivables	715,987	-	18,743	-	734,730
Intergovernmental receivables	4,460,737	-	5,922,737	914,553	11,298,027
Due from other funds	6,394,342	-	-	634,048	7,028,390
Inventories	-	-	-	120,992	120,992
Cash value of life insurance	640,000	-	-	-	640,000
Total assets	<u>\$ 93,405,607</u>	<u>\$ 27,070,087</u>	<u>\$ 6,654,519</u>	<u>\$ 5,047,746</u>	<u>\$ 132,177,959</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
Accounts payable	\$ 2,116,230	\$ 2,840,995	\$ 79,544	\$ 11,037	\$ 5,047,806
Accrued liabilities	2,469,977	-	5,461	13,448	2,488,886
Due to other funds	459,284	634,048	5,856,475	78,583	7,028,390
Due to retirement systems	10,003,986	-	-	35,489	10,039,475
Unearned revenues	20,460	-	713,039	446,367	1,179,866
Bond anticipation notes payable	-	24,900,000	-	-	24,900,000
Total liabilities	<u>15,069,937</u>	<u>28,375,043</u>	<u>6,654,519</u>	<u>584,924</u>	<u>50,684,423</u>
<b>FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)</b>					
Nonspendable	640,000	-	-	120,992	760,992
Restricted	61,559,895	-	-	1,024,910	62,584,805
Assigned	7,634,653	-	-	3,316,920	10,951,573
Unassigned	8,501,122	(1,304,956)	-	-	7,196,166
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>78,335,670</u>	<u>(1,304,956)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,462,822</u>	<u>81,493,536</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficit)	<u>\$ 93,405,607</u>	<u>\$ 27,070,087</u>	<u>\$ 6,654,519</u>	<u>\$ 5,047,746</u>	<u>\$ 132,177,959</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds**  
**to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position**  
**June 30, 2022**

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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 12) are different because:

Total fund balances (deficit)—governmental funds (page 14)	\$ 81,493,536	
Net pension assets are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements.		93,529,289
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. The cost of the assets is \$293,459,487 and the accumulated depreciation/amortization is \$98,097,795.		195,361,692
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows related to employer contributions	\$ 10,039,475	
Deferred outflows related to experience, changes in assumptions, investment earnings, and changes in proportion	50,194,744	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans	<u>(114,730,170)</u>	(54,495,951)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows related to benefit payments and changes of assumptions	\$ 239,542	
Deferred inflows related to experience and changes of assumptions	<u>(287,280)</u>	(47,738)
For refunding bonds, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt should be reported as a deferred charge and recognized as a component of interest expense over either the lesser of the life of the debt issuance or the bonds refunded for the government-wide statements.		20,531
Reclassification of compensated absences liability due within one year.		1,643,088
Net accrued interest expense for bond anticipation notes and serial bonds is not reported in the fund statements.		(74,260)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. The effects of these items are:		
Serial bonds	\$ (5,810,000)	
Premium on serial bonds	(414,020)	
Lease liability	(1,286,524)	
Noncurrent compensated absences	(24,303,929)	
Workers' compensation	(1,548,394)	
OPEB obligation	<u>(1,874,880)</u>	<u>(35,237,747)</u>
Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ 282,192,440</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund**  
**Balances (Deficit)—Governmental Funds**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	<u>General</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Special Aid</u>	<u>Total Nonmajor Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
<b>REVENUES</b>					
Real property taxes and other tax items	\$ 136,822,982	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 136,822,982
Non-property tax items	14,587,776	-	-	-	14,587,776
Charges for services	500,199	-	-	468,966	969,165
Use of money and property	414,528	-	-	1,814	416,342
Sale of property and compensation for loss	41,953	-	-	-	41,953
Miscellaneous	1,004,442	-	-	550,170	1,554,612
State sources	47,840,089	346,904	1,778,308	77,362	50,042,663
Federal sources	792,727	-	8,921,416	4,833,818	14,547,961
Sales—food service	-	-	-	82,227	82,227
Student activity collections	-	-	-	601,021	601,021
Total revenues	<u>202,004,696</u>	<u>346,904</u>	<u>10,699,724</u>	<u>6,615,378</u>	<u>219,666,702</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>					
Current:					
General support	19,249,581	-	-	-	19,249,581
Instruction	112,307,761	-	10,623,057	435,178	123,365,996
Pupil transportation	8,981,761	-	276,667	-	9,258,428
Employee benefits	37,844,130	-	-	48,102	37,892,232
Debt service:					
Principal	471,472	-	-	915,000	1,386,472
Interest and other fiscal charges	181,928	-	-	247,794	429,722
Cost of sales (school lunch)	-	-	-	3,295,920	3,295,920
Student activities	-	-	-	602,590	602,590
Capital outlay	-	21,406,113	-	-	21,406,113
Total expenditures	<u>179,036,633</u>	<u>21,406,113</u>	<u>10,899,724</u>	<u>5,544,584</u>	<u>216,887,054</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>22,968,063</u>	<u>(21,059,209)</u>	<u>(200,000)</u>	<u>1,070,794</u>	<u>2,779,648</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>					
Issuance of leases	503,325	-	-	-	503,325
Transfers in	-	27,057,263	200,000	1,162,794	28,420,057
Transfers out	<u>(28,420,057)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(28,420,057)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(27,916,732)</u>	<u>27,057,263</u>	<u>200,000</u>	<u>1,162,794</u>	<u>503,325</u>
Net change in fund balances (deficit)	(4,948,669)	5,998,054	-	2,233,588	3,282,973
Fund balances (deficit)—beginning	<u>83,284,339</u>	<u>(7,303,010)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,229,234</u>	<u>78,210,563</u>
Fund balances (deficit)—ending	<u>\$ 78,335,670</u>	<u>\$ (1,304,956)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,462,822</u>	<u>\$ 81,493,536</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund**  
**Balances (Deficit)—Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 13) are different because:

Net change in fund balances (deficit)—total governmental funds (page 16) \$ 3,282,973

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation/amortization expense and loss on disposal of assets in the current period.

Capital asset additions	\$ 23,186,377	
Loss on disposal of assets	(324)	
Depreciation/amortization expense	<u>(5,718,326)</u>	17,467,727

Net differences between pension contributions recognized on the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are as follows:

District pension contributions	\$ 12,210,703	
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	<u>4,270,886</u>	16,481,589

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB result from actuarial changes in the census, changes in medical premiums that are different than expected healthcare cost trend rates, and changes in assumptions and other inputs. These amounts are shown net of current year amortization. 344,893

For refunding bonds, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt should be reported as a deferred charge on the government-wide statements and recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. (5,536)

In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is paid. (52,014)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Additionally, in the statement of activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and the related items is as follows:

Repayment of serial bonds	\$ 915,000	
Amortization of premiums on serial bonds	86,804	
Issuance of leases	(503,325)	
Repayment of leases	471,472	
Change in noncurrent compensated absences	1,360,510	
Change in workers' compensation	467,940	
Change in OPEB obligation	<u>(203,060)</u>	2,595,341

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 40,114,973

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Statement of Fiduciary Net Position—Private Purpose Trust Fund**  
**June 30, 2022**

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	<b>Private Purpose Trust</b>
	<u>                    </u>
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$     25,860
Total assets	<u>           25,860</u>
 <b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Accounts payable	<u>           2,650</u>
Total liabilities	<u>           2,650</u>
 <b>NET POSITION</b>	
Restricted for scholarships	<u>          23,210</u>
Total net position	<u><u>      \$   23,210</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position—Private Purpose Trust Fund**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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	<b>Private Purpose Trust</b>
<b>ADDITIONS</b>	
Gifts and contributions	\$ 900
Interest earnings	<u>5</u>
Total additions	<u>905</u>
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b>	
Scholarships awarded	<u>2,650</u>
Total deductions	<u>2,650</u>
Change in net position	(1,745)
Net position—beginning	<u>24,955</u>
Net position—ending	<u><u>\$ 23,210</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The basic financial statements of Williamsville Central School District, New York (the “District”) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District’s accounting policies are described below.

***Description of Government-wide Financial Statements***

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District reports no business-type activities or component units.

***Reporting Entity***

The District is governed by the Education Law and other laws of the State of New York. The governing body is the Board of Education. The scope of activities included within the accompanying financial statements are those transactions which comprise District operations, and are governed by, or significantly influenced by, the Board of Education.

Essentially, the primary function of the District is to provide education for pupils. Support services such as transportation of pupils, food service, administration, finance and plant maintenance are also included.

The financial reporting entity includes all funds, functions and organizations over which the District officials exercise oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility is determined on the basis of financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

***Extraclassroom Activity Funds***—The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management; however, since the District has administrative involvement with these funds they are reported within the District’s Student Activities Fund. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found at the District’s business office.

***Joint Venture***—The District is a participating school district in the Erie 1 Board of Cooperative Education Services (“BOCES”). Formed under Section 1950 of Education Law, a BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning,

services, and programs, and also provides educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which the District can terminate its status as a component of BOCES. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation under Section 1950(6) of Education Law.

The component school district boards elect the members of the BOCES governing body. There are no equity interests and no single participant controls the financial or operating policies. In addition, BOCES Boards are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of General Municipal Law.

The BOCES budget is comprised of separate spending plans for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district shares in administrative and capital costs determined by its enrollment. Participating districts are charged a service fee for programs in which students participate, and for other shared contracted administrative services. Participating districts may also issue debt on behalf of BOCES. As of June 30, 2022, there was no debt issued by the District on behalf of BOCES.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District was billed \$8,584,473 for BOCES administrative and program costs and recognized \$499,585 in revenue as a refund from prior years' expenditures paid to BOCES. Audited financial statements for the Erie 1 BOCES are available at the BOCES' administrative offices.

#### ***Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements***

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments and charges between the District's various functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### ***Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements***

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- *General Fund*—The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the District and includes all operations not required to be recorded in other funds. The principal sources of revenues for the General Fund are real property taxes and state sources.
- *Capital Projects Fund*—The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or renovation of major capital facilities or equipment.
- *Special Aid Fund*—The Special Aid Fund is used to account for special operating projects or programs supported in whole, or in part, with federal and state grants.



The District also reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

- *School Lunch Fund*—The School Lunch Fund is used to account for transactions of the District’s food service operations.
- *Community Education Fund*—The Community Education Fund is used to account for the activity of the District’s community education programs as well as the extraclassroom transactions, which represents funds of the students of the District.
- *Student Activities Fund*—The Student Activities Fund is used to account for extraclassroom transactions, which represent funds of the students of the District. The District exercises administrative involvement over these funds.
- *Debt Service Fund*—The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for payment of principal and interest on long-term debt obligations of the governmental funds.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

*Fiduciary Funds*—These funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units. Trust funds account for resources received and disbursements made in accordance with trust agreements or applicable legislative enactments for each particular fund. Fiduciary funds of the District include a *Private Purpose Trust Fund*. The *Private Purpose Trust Fund* is used to account for assets held by the District for scholarships.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In the fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

### ***Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting***

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are

recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, non-property taxes, charges for services provided, and state and federal aid associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met and the amount is received during the period or within the period of availability (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements are met and amount is received during the period of availability (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measureable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The Private Purpose Trust Fund is reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

#### ***Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance***

***Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments***—The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, time deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. The District had no investments at June 30, 2022; however, when the District does have investments they are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB.

***Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents***—Restricted cash and cash equivalents represent amounts to support future capital projects, unearned revenues, restricted fund balances, and amounts held on behalf of others.

***Receivables***—Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable. No allowance or uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

***Inventories***—Inventories of food and/or supplies in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventory items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and year-end balances are not maintained.

***Cash Value of Life Insurance***—An asset representing a life insurance contract is measured at the amount that could be realized under the insurance contract as of the date of the financial statements, which is the amount reported by the insurance entity as the cash surrender value. However, since the

assets are placed in trust and the District is entitled to receive back only the amount of premiums paid, an allowance offsets the asset to represent the difference between cash surrender value and premiums paid by the District. In the governmental funds, a corresponding amount of fund balance is recorded as nonspendable to indicate the funds are not available expendable resources. The District reported \$640,000 within cash value of life insurance as of June 30, 2022.

**Noncurrent Net Pension Assets**—The District reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net pension asset for the Teachers’ Retirement System and Employees’ Retirement System. Refer to Note 7 for additional information related to the District’s net pension assets.

**Capital Assets**—Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, and right-to-use leased assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than an established threshold (\$1,000) for the type of asset and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of its donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. Right-to-use leased assets are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the primary government are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life (Years)
Land improvements	\$ 1,000	20
Buildings and improvements	1,000	25-50
Equipment	1,000	5-20
Right-to-use leased assets	1,000	5

The *capital outlays* character classification is employed only for expenditures reported in the Capital Projects Fund. Routine capital expenditures in the General Fund and other governmental funds are included in the appropriate functional category (for example, the purchase of a new school bus included as part of *expenditures—pupil transportation*). The amount reported as *capital outlays* in the Capital Projects Fund will also include non-capitalized, project-related costs (for example, furnishings).

**Right-to-Use Leased Assets**—Right-to-use leased assets include leased assets that the District has recognized following the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. Those assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or its useful life.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**—In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At June 30, 2022, the District has three items that qualify for

reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the government-wide financial statements. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability, and the difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions, its proportionate share of total contribution to the pension systems not included in pension expense, and any contributions to the pension systems subsequent to the measurement date. The second item is related to OPEB reported in the government-wide financial statements and represents the effects of the change in the District's proportion of the collective OPEB liability and difference during the measurement period between certain of the employer's contributions and its proportionate share of the total of certain contributions from employers included in the collective OPEB liability. Finally, the District records a deferred charge on refunding which the District reports within the government-wide financial statements. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At June 30, 2022, the District reports two deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements related to pensions and OPEB, respectively. This first item represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability and the difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions, and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item represents the effects of the change in the District's proportion of the collective OPEB liability and difference during the measurement period between certain of the employer's contributions and its proportionate share of the total of certain contributions from employers included in the collective OPEB liability.

***Net Position Flow Assumptions***—Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

***Fund Balance Flow Assumptions***—Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

***Fund Balance Policies***—Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the Assistant Superintendent for Finance and Management Services to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance, as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenues and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

### ***Revenues and Expenses/Expenditures***

***Program Revenues***—Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

***Property Taxes***—Real property taxes are levied annually as of July 1<sup>st</sup> by the Board of Education and attached as an enforceable lien. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Erie. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement is paid by the County to the District no later than April 1<sup>st</sup>.

***Unearned Revenues***—Certain revenues have not met the revenue recognition criteria for government-wide or fund financial purposes. At June 30, 2022, the District reported unearned revenues of \$20,460, \$713,039, and \$446,367 in the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, and nonmajor funds, respectively, for cash received in advance for summer activities and grant funding received in advance. The cash received is classified as restricted.

***Compensated Absences***—The District labor agreements and District rules and regulations provide for sick leave, vacations, and other miscellaneous paid absences. Upon retirement, certain eligible employees qualify for paid hospitalization insurance premiums and/or payment for fractional values of unused sick leave. These payments are budgeted annually.

***Pension Plans***—The District is mandated by New York State law to participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS") and the New York State Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability/(asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans, and changes thereof, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the respective defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. More information regarding pensions is included in Note 7.

**Other Postemployment Benefits**—In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides health insurance coverage for certain retired employees as discussed in Note 8.

**Other**

**Estimates**—The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements**—During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*; No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*; No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*; and No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. GASB Statement No. 87 better meets the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and related note disclosures. GASB Statement No. 98 establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. Other than the matter discussed in Note 2, the implementation of GASB Statements No. 87, 89, 91, and 98 did not have a material impact on the District’s financial position or results from operations.

**Future Impacts of Accounting Pronouncements**—The District has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adopting GASB Statements No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*; No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*; and a portion of No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023, and the remainder of No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*; and No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2024, and No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2025. The District is, therefore, unable to disclose the impact that adopting GASB Statements No. 94, 96, 99, 100, and 101 will have on its financial position and results of operations when such statements are adopted.

**Deficit Fund Balance**—The Capital Projects Fund has a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2022 totaling \$1,304,956. The primary reason for the deficit in this case is that the District issued bond anticipation notes (“BANs”), which do not qualify for treatment as a long-term liability. Accordingly, the BANs are reported as a fund liability in the Capital Projects Fund balance sheet (rather than an inflow on the statement of revenues, expenses, and fund balances.) When the cash from the BANs is spent, expenditures are reported and fund balance is reduced. This deficit will be eliminated as resources are obtained (e.g., from revenues, long-term debt issuances, and transfers in) to make the scheduled debt service principal and interest payments on the BANs or retire the BANs.

## **2. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE**

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. As a result of the implementation, the District’s capital assets and long-term liabilities were restated as of June 30, 2021. Accordingly, net position has been restated from \$241,136,080 to \$242,077,467.

### 3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by State statutes. District monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within New York State. The District's Assistant Superintendent of Finance and Management Services is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand deposit, time deposit and certificates of deposit at 100 percent of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The District has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are outlined in Chapter 623 of the laws of the State of New York. Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2022, are presented below:

	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Petty cash (uncollateralized)	\$ 1,500	\$ -	\$ 1,500
Deposits	112,354,320	25,860	112,380,180
Total	<u>\$ 112,355,820</u>	<u>\$ 25,860</u>	<u>\$ 112,381,680</u>

**Deposits**—All deposits are carried at fair value, and are classified by custodial credit risk at June 30, 2022 as presented below:

	Bank Balance	Carrying Balance
FDIC insured	\$ 620,085	\$ 608,668
Uninsured:		
Collateral held by pledging bank's agent in the District's name	114,280,809	111,771,512
Total	<u>\$ 114,900,894</u>	<u>\$ 112,380,180</u>

**Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits**—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As noted above, by State statute all deposits in excess of FDIC insurance coverage must be collateralized. At June 30, 2022, the District's deposits were either FDIC insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging bank's agent in the District's name.

**Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents**—The District reports amounts to support future capital projects, unearned revenues, restricted fund balances, and amounts held on behalf of others as restricted cash and cash equivalents. At June 30, 2022, the District reported \$90,200,710 and \$25,860 of restricted cash within its governmental and fiduciary funds, respectively.

**Investments**—The District had no investments at June 30, 2022.

**Interest Rate Risk**—In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages exposures by limiting investments to low risk type investments governed by New York State statutes.

#### 4. RECEIVABLES

Revenues accrued by the District at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

***Receivables***—Represents amounts due from various sources. The District's accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 is presented below:

Governmental funds:

General Fund:

Health insurance rebates	\$ 188,113	
Health services billing	216,936	
Nonresident tuition	15,349	
Special education services	10,348	
Use of building	30,831	
Miscellaneous	<u>254,410</u>	\$ 715,987

Special Aid Fund:

Education services		<u>18,743</u>
Total governmental funds		<u>\$ 734,730</u>

***Intergovernmental Receivables***—Represent amounts due from other units of government, such as Federal, New York State and other local governments. Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

General Fund:

Erie County—sales tax	\$ 1,334,351	
New York State—BOCES aid	1,524,049	
New York State—state aid	80,678	
New York State—excess cost	1,116,418	
Federal Government—Medicaid reimbursement	<u>405,241</u>	\$ 4,460,737

Special Aid Fund:

New York State—Section 611 and 619 IDEA	799,493	
New York State—Summer School Special Ed	1,697,327	
New York State—Title I	309,123	
New York State—Universal Pre-K	974,201	
New York State—State supported schools	182,957	
New York State—Title IV	13,619	
New York State—Title IIA	81,894	
Federal Government—ESSER	837,314	
Federal Government—GEER	477,148	
Federal Government—Non-public schools	88,278	
Federal Government—ARP	430,375	
Other grants	<u>31,008</u>	5,922,737

School Lunch Fund:

New York State—Breakfast and lunch programs	<u>914,553</u>
Total governmental funds	<u>\$ 11,298,027</u>



## 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2021 (as restated)	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 2,898,133	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,898,133
Construction in progress	26,165,817	21,406,113	2,878,214	44,693,716
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	<u>29,063,950</u>	<u>21,406,113</u>	<u>2,878,214</u>	<u>47,591,849</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	3,153,627	-	-	3,153,627
Buildings and improvements	217,726,768	2,878,214	-	220,604,982
Equipment and vehicles	16,847,989	1,216,825	13,115	18,051,699
Right-to-use leased assets	<u>3,493,891</u>	<u>563,439</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,057,330</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	<u>241,222,275</u>	<u>4,658,478</u>	<u>13,115</u>	<u>245,867,638</u>
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Land improvements	2,912,933	16,978	-	2,929,911
Buildings and improvements	78,557,560	3,833,653	-	82,391,213
Equipment and vehicles	9,623,934	1,157,181	12,791	10,768,324
Right-to-use leased assets	<u>1,297,833</u>	<u>710,514</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,008,347</u>
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	<u>92,392,260</u>	<u>5,718,326</u>	<u>12,791</u>	<u>98,097,795</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	<u>148,830,015</u>	<u>(1,059,848)</u>	<u>324</u>	<u>147,769,843</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 177,893,965</u>	<u>\$ 20,346,265</u>	<u>\$ 2,878,538</u>	<u>\$ 195,361,692</u>

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to the functions and programs of governmental activities as follows:

General support	\$ 3,069,695
Instruction	2,595,993
Pupil transportation	9,610
School food service	<u>43,028</u>
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 5,718,326</u>

## 6. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities reported by governmental funds at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	General Fund	Special Aid Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Governmental Funds
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 826,889	\$ 5,461	\$ 13,448	\$ 845,798
Current compensated absences	<u>1,643,088</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,643,088</u>
Total accrued liabilities	<u>\$ 2,469,977</u>	<u>\$ 5,461</u>	<u>\$ 13,448</u>	<u>\$ 2,488,886</u>

## 7. PENSION PLANS

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS") and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") (the "Systems"). These cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement systems compute contribution requirements based on the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL").

### *Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided*

**Teachers' Retirement System**—TRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and NYSRSSL. TRS is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. TRS benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding TRS, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on TRS's website at [www.nystrs.org](http://www.nystrs.org).

**Employees' Retirement System**—ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the "Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to ERS. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of ERS. ERS benefits are established under the provisions of the NYSRSSL. Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan ("GLIP"), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at [www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php](http://www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php) or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute three percent (3%) of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute three percent (3.0%) to three and one half percent (3.5%) of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS Tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31.

**Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**—At June 30, 2022, the District reported the asset presented on the following page for its proportionate share of the net pension asset for each of the Systems. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021 for TRS and March 31, 2022 for ERS. The total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by actuarial valuations as of June

30, 2020 and April 1, 2021, respectively, with update procedures used to rollforward the total pension asset to the measurement dates. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	TRS	ERS
Measurement date	June 30, 2021	March 31, 2022
Net pension (asset)	\$ (89,493,611)	\$ (4,035,678)
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension liability/(asset)	0.516437%	0.049369%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense/(benefit) of \$(5,507,054) and \$588,231 for the TRS and ERS, respectively. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the sources in the table below:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
	TRS	ERS	TRS	ERS
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ 12,335,745	\$ 305,628	\$ 464,958	\$ 396,416
Changes of assumptions	29,436,319	6,735,094	5,212,739	113,647
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-	93,664,324	13,215,155
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	310,665	1,071,293	1,335,708	327,223
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	9,492,150	547,325	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 51,574,879</u>	<u>\$ 8,659,340</u>	<u>\$ 100,677,729</u>	<u>\$ 14,052,441</u>

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	TRS	ERS
2023	\$ (11,928,958)	\$ (730,791)
2024	(13,751,492)	(1,273,330)
2025	(17,218,826)	(3,266,074)
2026	(22,745,884)	(670,231)
2027	4,137,327	-
Thereafter	2,912,833	-

**Actuarial Assumptions**—The total pension asset as of the measurement dates were determined by using actuarial valuations as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset to the respective measurement dates. The actuarial valuations used the actuarial assumptions below:

	TRS	ERS
Measurement date	June 30, 2021	March 31, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020	April 1, 2021
Interest rate	6.95%	5.90%
Salary scale	1.95% - 5.18%	4.40%
Decrement tables	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2020	April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020
Inflation rates	2.40%	2.70%
Cost-of-living adjustments	1.30%	1.40%

For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP2020, applied on a generational basis. For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System’s experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries’ Scale MP-2020.

For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020. For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized as shown on the following page.

	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
	TRS	ERS	TRS	ERS
			June 30, 2021	March 31, 2022
Measurement date				
Asset class:				
Domestic equities	33.0 %	32.0 %	6.8 %	3.3 %
International equities	16.0	15.0	7.6	5.9
Global equities	4.0	-	7.1	-
Private equity	8.0	10.0	10.0	6.5
Real estate	11.0	9.0	6.5	5.0
Opportunistics/Absolute return strategies	-	3.0	-	4.1
Credit	-	4.0	-	3.8
Domestic fixed income securities	16.0	-	1.3	-
Global bonds	2.0	-	0.8	-
High-yield bonds	1.0	-	3.8	-
Private debt	1.0	-	5.9	-
Real assets	-	3.0	-	5.6
Real estate debt	7.0	-	3.3	-
Fixed income	-	23.0	0.0	-
Cash	1.0	1.0	(0.2)	(1.0)
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>		

**Discount Rate**—The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was 6.95% for TRS and 5.90% for ERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems’ fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability/asset.

**Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset to the Discount Rate Assumption**—The chart below presents the District’s proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.95% for TRS and 5.90% for ERS, as well as what the District’s proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (5.95% for TRS and 4.90% for ERS) or one percentage-point higher (7.95% for TRS and 6.90% for ERS) than the current assumption.

	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Current Assumption (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$ (9,391,050)	\$ (89,493,611)	\$ (156,814,001)

(continued)

(concluded)

ERS	1% Decrease (4.9%)	Current Assumption (5.9%)	1% Increase (6.9%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 10,387,792	\$ (4,035,678)	\$ (16,100,215)

***Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position***—The components of the current-year net pension asset of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(Dollar in Thousands)	
	TRS	ERS
Valuation date	June 30, 2020	April 1, 2021
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 130,819,415	\$ 223,874,888
Plan fiduciary net position	148,148,457	232,049,473
Employers' net pension asset	<u>\$ (17,329,042)</u>	<u>\$ (8,174,585)</u>
System fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability/(asset)	113.2%	103.7%

***Payables to the Pension Plan***—For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2022 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier, and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$9,492,150.

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$547,325.

## 8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB") OBLIGATION

***Plan Description and Benefits Provided***—In addition to pension benefits, the District maintains a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan") providing for lifetime medical benefits to eligible retirees and spouses. Employees must be eligible for retirement under vesting requirements established by TRS. Dependent upon the employee group covered and with greater than 5 years of service, the District will provide from 45% to 95% of the premium cost for pre-age 65 medical coverage. Surviving spouses may remain in the plan but must pay for their own coverage.

Benefit provisions are based on individual contracts with the District, as negotiated from time to time. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. The District recognizes the cost of providing these benefits by expensing the annual insurance premiums when invoiced by the health insurance provider.

***Employees Covered by Benefit Terms***—At January 1, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	23
Active employees	<u>236</u>
Total	<u><u>259</u></u>

Under GASB Statement No. 75, the total OPEB liability represents the sum of expected future benefit payments which may be attributed to past service (or “earned”), discounted to the end of the fiscal year using the current discount rate. The total OPEB liability is analogous to the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (“AAL”) under GASB Statement No. 45.

***Total OPEB Liability***

The District’s total OPEB liability of \$1,874,880 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 7, 2022.

***Actuarial Methods and Assumptions***—Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) at the time of the valuation and on the pattern of cost sharing between the employee and plan members. Calculations reflect a long-term perspective, so methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility.

In the June 7, 2022 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal method, over a level percent of pay was used. The single discount rate changed from 2.27% to 2.83% effective June 30, 2022. The salary scale changed from 3.11% to 3.44% effective June 30, 2022. In order to estimate the change in the cost of healthcare, the actuaries initial healthcare cost trend rate used is 6.10%, while the ultimate healthcare cost trend rate is 4.37%. Mortality rates were updated to Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables, headcount-weighted, distinct for teachers, general, and safety, without separate contingent survivor mortality, fully generational using scale MP-2021.

No formal experience study is prepared for this plan.

***Changes in the Total OPEB Liability***—The following table presents the changes to the total OPEB liability during the fiscal year, by source:

	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>
Balance at June 30, 2021:	<u>\$ 1,671,820</u>
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	44,433
Interest	37,514
Changes of assumptions	(102,021)
Differences between expected and actual experience	286,797
Benefit payments	<u>(63,663)</u>
Net changes	<u>203,060</u>
Balance at June 30, 2022	<u><u>\$ 1,874,880</u></u>

***Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to the Change in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate***—The discount rate assumption can have an impact on the total OPEB liability. The following table presents the effect a 1% change in the discount rate assumption would have on the total OPEB liability:

	1% Decrease (1.83%)	Current Discount Rate (2.83%)	1% Increase (3.83%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,095,003	\$ 1,874,880	\$ 1,691,241

Additionally, healthcare costs can be subject to considerable volatility over time. The table below presents the effect on the total OPEB liability of a 1% change in the initial (6.10%) and ultimate (4.37%) healthcare cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (5.10% / 3.37%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (6.10% / 4.37%)	1% Increase (7.10% / 5.37%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,657,928	\$ 1,874,880	\$ 2,135,633

***Funding Policy***—Authorization for the District to pay a portion of retiree health insurance premiums was enacted through various contracts, which were ratified by the District’s Board of Education. The District recognizes the cost of providing these benefits by expensing the annual insurance premiums when invoiced by the health insurance provider. The District’s governmental activities contributed \$63,663 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The District’s contributions to the OPEB plan are based on negotiated contracts with seven bargaining units, as discussed in Note 15. Any amendments to the employer’s contributions are subject to the collective bargaining agreements.

***OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB***—The District reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources due to differences during the measurement period between the employer’s contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions from employers included in the collective OPEB liability are required to be determined. The following table presents the District’s deferred outflows and inflows of resources at June 30, 2022:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 204,264	\$ 209,536
Changes of assumptions	19,362	77,744
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	15,916	-
Total	<u>\$ 239,542</u>	<u>\$ 287,280</u>

\$15,916 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the District’s transactions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023.



The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2023	\$ (120,998)
2024	57,344

## 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, vehicle liability, injuries to employees, health insurance, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. The District purchases insurance for: general liability, property, crime, earthquake and flood. The general liability insurance is limited to \$1 million per occurrence and an unlimited aggregate. There is a \$10,000 deductible. There have not been any significant changes in any type of insurance coverage from the prior year, nor have there been any settlements which have exceeded insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

**Workers' Compensation**—The District has chosen to establish a self-insured plan for risks associated with employee workers' compensation claims. The District accounts for this activity in the General Fund.

Liabilities are reported when it is probably that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported ("IBNR"). Claim liabilities are calculated with consideration of the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other benefit costs. The District has an insurance policy for claims exceeding \$50,000 to reduce its exposure to larger claims.

Claim activities for the current year and the prior year were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Beginning Balance	Current Claims		Ending Balance
		and Changes in Estimates	Claims Paid	
June 30, 2022	\$ 2,016,334	\$ 58,755	\$ 526,695	\$ 1,548,394
June 30, 2021	2,316,829	309,956	610,451	2,016,334

At June 30, 2022, the General Fund maintains a restricted fund balance in the amount of \$2,966,221 for the purpose of funding the District's future claim liabilities.

## 10. LEASES

The District is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of various equipment. The District recognizes a liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$1,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement

date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rates charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease terms include the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position. The District previously entered into long-term lease agreements as the lessee for the acquisition and use of various equipment. With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, an initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$1,254,671 as of June 30, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liabilities was \$1,286,524. The value of the right-to-use lease assets as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$4,057,330 and had accumulated amortization of \$2,008,347. A portion of the right-to-use asset is prefunded and is not recorded as a lease liability at year-end.

The future principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 546,972	\$ 27,428	\$ 574,400
2024	301,431	16,732	318,163
2025	254,277	10,191	264,468
2026	108,418	5,154	113,572
2027	75,426	1,145	76,571
Total	<u>\$ 1,286,524</u>	<u>\$ 60,650</u>	<u>\$ 1,347,174</u>

## 11. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes (“BANs”) are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Principal payments on BANs must be made annually. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term obligations within five years after the original issue date.

A summary of the District's short-term debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance 7/1/2021	Issued	Redeemed	Balance 6/30/2022
Capital Projects Fund:						
Various capital projects	1.00%	6/8/2022	\$ 15,557,263	\$ -	\$ 15,557,263	\$ -
Various capital projects	4.00%	6/7/2023	-	24,900,000	-	24,900,000
Total			<u>\$ 15,557,263</u>	<u>\$ 24,900,000</u>	<u>\$ 15,557,263</u>	<u>\$ 24,900,000</u>

## 12. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as noncurrent liabilities in the statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Further, the unmatured principal of general long-term debt does not require current appropriation and expenditure of governmental fund financial resources.

The District's outstanding long-term liabilities include bonds payable, lease liabilities, compensated absences, workers' compensation, other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") obligation and net pension liability. The bonds payable of the District are secured by its general credit and revenue raising powers, as per State statute.

A summary of changes in the District's long-term liabilities at June 30, 2022 follows:

	Balance 7/1/2021 (as restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2022	Due Within One Year
Serial bonds	\$ 6,725,000	\$ -	\$ 915,000	\$ 5,810,000	\$ 965,000
Premium on serial bonds	500,824	-	86,804	414,020	86,804
Bonds payable, net	7,225,824	-	1,001,804	6,224,020	1,051,804
Lease liabilities	1,254,671	503,325	471,472	1,286,524	546,972
Compensated absences*	25,667,473	-	1,363,544	24,303,929	1,643,088
Workers' compensation	2,016,334	58,755	526,695	1,548,394	-
OPEB obligation	1,671,820	368,744	165,684	1,874,880	-
Net pension liability*	13,880,806	-	13,880,806	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 51,716,928</u>	<u>\$ 930,824</u>	<u>\$ 17,410,005</u>	<u>\$ 35,237,747</u>	<u>\$ 3,241,864</u>

(\*Reductions to compensated absences and net pension liability are shown net of additions.)

**Serial Bonds**—The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and renovation of major capital facilities. Serial bonds have been issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year with maturities that range from 6 to 15 years.

In the event of a default in the payment of the principal of or interest on the serial bonds, the State Comptroller is required to withhold, under certain conditions prescribed by Section 99-b of the State Finance Law, state aid and assistance to the District and to apply the amount thereof so withheld to the payment of such defaulted principal and/or interest, which requirement constitutes a covenant by the State with the holders from time to time of the Bonds.

Principal is paid annually, interest paid semi-annually; these payments are recorded in the Debt Service Fund. A summary of additions and payments for the year ended June 30, 2022 is presented below:

Description	Year of Issue/ Maturity	Amount of Original Issue	Interest Rate (%)	Balance 7/1/2021	Additions	Payments	Balance 6/30/2022
2014 Serial Bonds	2014/2027	\$ 2,700,000	2.00-3.00	\$ 1,335,000	\$ -	\$ 210,000	\$ 1,125,000
2016 Serial Bonds	2016/2030	4,300,000	2.00-5.00	3,035,000	-	285,000	2,750,000
2019 Refunding Bonds	2019/2026	3,135,000	5.00	2,355,000	-	420,000	1,935,000
Total				<u>\$ 6,725,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 915,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,810,000</u>

**Premiums on Serial Bonds**—The District issued serial bonds and refunding serial bonds which received bond premiums. The premiums are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the bonds. Total unamortized bond premiums at June 30, 2022 are \$414,020.

**Compensated Absences**—As explained in Note 1, the District records the value of compensated absences. The annual budgets of the operating funds provide funding for these benefits as they become payable. The value recorded in the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2022, for governmental activities is \$24,303,929. Management estimates that \$1,643,088 is due within one year and is included within accrued liabilities of the General Fund, as disclosed in Note 6. This balance is reclassified as a noncurrent liability on the government-wide financial statements.

**Workers' Compensation**—As explained in Note 9, the District is self-insured for risks associated with employee workers' compensation claims. The District's liability, as calculated by an independent third party administrator, is estimated to be \$1,548,394 as of June 30, 2022.

**OPEB Obligation**—As explained in Note 8, the District provides health insurance coverage for certain retirees. The District's annual postemployment benefit ("OPEB") cost is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The long-term OPEB liability is estimated to be \$1,874,880 as of June 30, 2022.

The following is a maturity schedule of the District's indebtedness:

Year Ending June 30,	Serial Bonds	Premium on Serial Bonds	Leases	Compensated Absences	Workers' Compensation	OPEB Obligation	Total
2023	\$ 965,000	\$ 86,804	\$ 546,972	\$ 1,643,088	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,241,864
2024	1,005,000	86,804	301,431	-	-	-	1,393,235
2025	1,050,000	86,804	254,277	-	-	-	1,391,081
2026	1,095,000	67,809	108,418	-	-	-	1,271,227
2027	590,000	21,675	75,426	-	-	-	687,101
2028-2030	1,105,000	64,124	-	-	-	-	1,169,124
Thereafter	-	-	-	22,660,841	1,548,394	1,874,880	26,084,115
Total	<u>\$ 5,810,000</u>	<u>\$ 414,020</u>	<u>\$ 1,286,524</u>	<u>\$ 24,303,929</u>	<u>\$ 1,548,394</u>	<u>\$ 1,874,880</u>	<u>\$ 35,237,747</u>

Interest requirements on serial bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Interest
2023	\$ 207,244
2024	165,118
2025	120,582
2026	73,069
2027	33,194
2028-2030	45,907
Total	<u>\$ 645,114</u>

### 13. NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- ***Net Investment in Capital Assets***—This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation/amortization and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- ***Restricted Net Position***—This category presents external restriction imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- ***Unrestricted Net Position***—This category represents net position of the District not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the fund financial statements, nonspendable amounts represent net current financial resources that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance maintained by the District at June 30, 2022 includes:

- **Cash Value of Life Insurance**—Representing the portion of fund balance, \$640,000, composed of the cash value of life insurance policies unavailable for appropriation.
- **Inventories**—Representing the portion of fund balance, \$120,992 composed of inventory. This balance is nonspendable as the inventory does not represent an available resource.

In the fund financial statements, restricted fund balances are amounts constrained to specific purposes (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government) through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance maintained by the District at June 30, 2022 includes:

	General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Insurance	\$ 1,963,784	\$ -	\$ 1,963,784
Unemployment	157,933	-	157,933
Tax certiorari	350,000	-	350,000
Capital projects	28,093,241	-	28,093,241
Workers' compensation	2,966,221	-	2,966,221
Repairs	5,508,660	-	5,508,660
Employee benefits	9,169,001	-	9,169,001
Retirement contribution	13,351,055	-	13,351,055
Student activities	-	386,816	386,816
Debt service	-	638,094	638,094
Total	<u>\$ 61,559,895</u>	<u>\$ 1,024,910</u>	<u>\$ 62,584,805</u>

- **Insurance**—According to General Municipal Law Section 6-n, this restriction must be used to fund certain uninsured losses, claims, actions, or judgments for which the District is authorized or required to purchase or maintain insurance, with a number of exceptions. An insurance reserve fund may also be used to pay for expert or professional services in connection with the investigation, adjustment, or settlement of claims, actions, or judgments. The restriction may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. The amount paid into this reserve fund during any fiscal year may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5 percent of the total budget of the fiscal year.
- **Unemployment**—According to General Municipal Law Section 6-m, this restriction must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The restriction may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay

pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. A portion of this amount, \$50,000, has been appropriated within the 2022-2023 budget.

- ***Tax Certiorari***—According to Education Law Section 3651.1-a, this restriction must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the restriction shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeds in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.
- ***Capital Projects***—According to Education Law Section 3651, this restriction must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the restriction only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in Section 3651 of the Education Law.
- ***Workers' Compensation***—According to General Municipal Law Section 6-j, this restriction must be used to pay compensation and benefits, medical, hospital, or other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law. The restriction may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District ceases to be a self-insurer, moneys remaining in the fund may be transferred to certain other reserve funds, but only to the extent moneys in the fund exceed an amount sufficient to pay all authorized expenditures, both accrued and contingent. A portion of this amount, \$700,000, has been appropriated within the 2022-2023 budget.
- ***Repairs***—According to General Municipal Law Section 6-d, this restriction must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education, without voter approval, may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this restriction may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. A portion of this amount, \$330,000, has been appropriated within the 2022-2023 budget.
- ***Employee Benefits***—According to General Municipal Law Section 6-p, this restriction must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. A portion of this amount, \$600,000, has been appropriated within the 2022-2023 budget.

- **Retirement Contribution**—According to General Municipal Law Section 6-r, this restriction must be used to pay the cost of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, pursuant to Sections 17 or 317 of the Retirement and Social Security Law. The restriction may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations, revenues that are not required by law to be paid into any other fund or account, amounts from reserve funds established pursuant to Section 3651 of the Education Law, and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. The Board may authorize the transfer of a portion of the moneys in the retirement contribution reserve to a reserve fund established pursuant to Section 3651 of the Education Law. Such a transfer is subject to a public hearing. If the Board determines that the retirement contribution reserve is no longer needed, the Board may terminate the fund by resolution. A portion of this amount, \$2,450,000, has been appropriated within the 2022-2023 budget.
- **Student Activities**—Amounts generated by the Extraclassroom Activities at the District which are restricted for use only within the Student Activities Fund for specified student activities.
- **Debt Service**—Represents premiums and interest which is restricted for the reduction of future debt service requirements.

In the fund financial statements, commitments are amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. As of June 30, 2022, the District has no committed fund balances.

In the fund financial statements, assignments are not legally required segregations but are segregated for a specific purpose by the District at June 30, 2022 and include:

	General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Subsequent year's expenditures	\$ 5,574,000	\$ -	\$ 5,574,000
Encumbrances	2,060,653	-	2,060,653
Specific use:			
School lunch	-	3,270,267	3,270,267
Community education	-	46,653	46,653
Total	<u>\$ 7,634,653</u>	<u>\$ 3,316,920</u>	<u>\$ 10,951,573</u>

- **Assigned to Subsequent Year's Expenditures**—Representing available fund balance being appropriated to meet expenditure requirements in the 2022-23 fiscal year.
- **Assigned to Encumbrances**—Representing amounts related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods and services.
- **Assigned to Specific Use—School Lunch**—Representing remaining fund balance of \$3,270,267 within the special revenue fund used to maintain school lunch operations.
- **Assigned to Specific Use—Community Education**—Representing remaining fund balance of \$46,653 within the special revenue fund used to maintain community education programs.



If the District must use funds for emergency expenditures the Board of Education shall authorize the Business Administrator to expend funds first from funds classified under GASB as nonspendable (if funds become available) then restricted funds. The use of committed and assigned funds as classified by GASB will occur after the exhaustion of available restricted funds. Finally, if no other fund balances are available, the District will use unassigned fund balance.

#### 14. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund receivables and payables are short-term in nature and exist because of temporary advances or payments made on behalf of other funds. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Fund	Interfund	
	Receivable	Payable
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 6,394,342	\$ 459,284
Capital Projects Fund	-	634,048
Special Aid Fund	-	5,856,475
Nonmajor funds:		
School Lunch Fund	-	77,290
Debt Service Fund	634,048	-
Community Education Fund	-	1,293
Total governmental funds	<u>\$ 7,028,390</u>	<u>\$ 7,028,390</u>

The outstanding balances between funds result from payments made on behalf of other funds or temporary advances. All of these balances are expected to be collected/paid within the subsequent year.

The District made the following transfers during the year ended June 30, 2022:

Transfers out:	Transfers in:			Total
	Capital Projects Fund	Special Aid Fund	Nonmajor Funds	
General Fund	<u>\$ 27,057,263</u>	<u>\$ 200,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,162,794</u>	<u>\$ 28,420,057</u>

Transfers are used primarily to finance certain special aid programs, to fund debt service payments, to support capital project expenditures and finance long-term liabilities.

#### 15. LABOR CONTRACTS

District employees are represented by seven bargaining units, with the balance governed by Board of Education rules and regulations. Negotiated contracts are in place through June 30, 2023 for the CSEA Custodial Unit; June 30, 2024 for the Williamsville Administrators' Association; August 31, 2025 for the Williamsville Teachers' Association; and June 30, 2026 for the Williamsville Coordinators' Association (now Williamsville Directors' Association), and the Williamsville Supervisors' and Computer Technicians' Association.

## 16. COMMITMENTS

**Encumbrances**—Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrances accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executor contract is expended in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year’s budget pursuant to state regulations.

The District considers encumbrances to be significant for amounts that are encumbered in excess of \$500,000. As of June 30, 2022 there were no significant encumbrances.

## 17. CONTINGENCIES

**Litigation**—Various legal actions are pending against the District. The outcome of these matters is not presently determinable, but in the opinion of management, the ultimate liability will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or results of operation of the District.

**Grants**—In the normal course of business, the District receives grant funds from various Federal and State agencies. These grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to granting of funds. Any disallowed expenditures resulting from such audits could become a liability of the governmental funds. While the amount of expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, management expects any such amounts to be immaterial.

**Other**—The District is involved in litigation in ordinary course of its operations. The District believes its ultimate liability, if any, in connection with these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the District’s financial condition or results of operations.

## 18. TAX ABATEMENTS

The District is subject to tax abatements granted by the Amherst Industrial Development Agency (“AIDA”), Clarence Industrial Development Agency (“CIDA”) and Erie County Industrial Development Agency (“ECIDA”). These programs have the stated purpose of increasing business activity and employment in the region. Economic development agreements are entered into by the AIDA, CIDA and ECIDA and include the abatement of state, county, local and school district taxes, in addition to other assistance. In the case of the District, the abatements have resulted in reductions of property taxes, which the District administers as a temporary reduction in the assessed value of the property involved. The abatement agreements stipulate a percentage reduction of property taxes, which can be as much as 100 percent. Under the agreements entered into by the AIDA, CIDA and ECIDA, the District collected \$2,978,688 during the 2021-2022 fiscal year in payments in lieu of taxes (“PILOT”), these collections were made in lieu of \$3,148,949 in property taxes.

## 19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 11, 2022, which is the date the financial statements are available for issuance, and have determined there are no subsequent events that require disclosure under generally accepted accounting principles.

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## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



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**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)—**  
**Teachers' Retirement System**  
**Last Nine Fiscal Years \***

	Year Ended June 30,								
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Measurement date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
District's proportion of the net pension liability/(asset)	0.516437%	0.500461%	0.498961%	0.489712%	0.496312%	0.491814%	0.465356%	0.477457%	0.472139%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	<u>\$ (89,493,611)</u>	<u>\$ 13,829,084</u>	<u>\$ (12,963,043)</u>	<u>\$ (8,855,285)</u>	<u>\$ (3,772,466)</u>	<u>\$ 5,267,529</u>	<u>\$ (48,335,654)</u>	<u>\$ (53,185,693)</u>	<u>\$ (3,107,868)</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 115,953,862	\$ 114,640,443	\$ 113,058,080	\$ 108,636,890	\$ 106,943,974	\$ 103,752,532	\$ 100,134,290	\$ 97,136,329	\$ 96,256,128
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(77.2%)	12.1%	(11.5%)	(8.2%)	(3.5%)	5.1%	(48.3%)	(54.8%)	(3.2%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability/(asset)	113.2%	97.8%	102.2%	101.5%	100.7%	99.0%	110.5%	111.5%	100.7%

\* Information prior to the year ended June 30, 2014 is not available.

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Schedule of District's Contributions—**  
**Teachers' Retirement System**  
**Last Nine Fiscal Years \***

	Year Ended June 30,								
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 9,492,150	\$ 8,261,695	\$ 7,516,311	\$ 8,844,837	\$ 9,217,679	\$ 10,063,251	\$ 12,253,957	\$ 11,460,764	\$ 8,188,314
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(9,492,150)</u>	<u>(8,261,695)</u>	<u>(7,516,311)</u>	<u>(8,844,837)</u>	<u>(9,217,679)</u>	<u>(10,063,251)</u>	<u>(12,253,957)</u>	<u>(11,460,764)</u>	<u>(8,188,314)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 120,783,139	\$ 115,953,862	\$ 114,640,443	\$ 113,058,080	\$ 108,636,890	\$ 106,943,974	\$ 103,752,532	\$ 100,134,290	\$ 97,136,329
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.9%	7.1%	6.6%	7.8%	8.5%	9.4%	11.8%	11.4%	8.4%

\* Information prior to the year ended June 30, 2014 is not available.

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability—**  
**Employees' Retirement System**  
**Last Nine Fiscal Years \***

	Year Ended June 30,								
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability/(asset)	0.0493686%	0.0519437%	0.0515871%	0.055899%	0.058103%	0.056432%	0.057807%	0.059332%	0.059332%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	<u>\$ (4,035,678)</u>	<u>\$ 51,722</u>	<u>\$ 13,660,565</u>	<u>\$ 3,960,602</u>	<u>\$ 1,875,233</u>	<u>\$ 5,302,498</u>	<u>\$ 9,278,254</u>	<u>\$ 2,004,374</u>	<u>\$ 2,681,122</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 18,157,007	\$ 17,274,327	\$ 18,672,592	\$ 18,697,641	\$ 18,498,193	\$ 18,744,323	\$ 17,595,166	\$ 17,603,088	\$ 17,773,739
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(22.2%)	0.3%	73.2%	21.2%	10.1%	28.3%	52.7%	11.4%	15.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability/(asset)	103.7%	100.0%	86.4%	96.3%	98.2%	94.7%	90.7%	97.9%	97.2%

\* Information prior to the year ended June 30, 2014 is not available.



**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Schedule of District's Contributions—**  
**Employees' Retirement System**  
**Last Nine Fiscal Years\***

	Year Ended June 30,									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,718,253	\$ 2,559,992	\$ 2,624,531	\$ 2,665,782	\$ 2,666,685	\$ 2,674,252	\$ 3,027,623	\$ 3,189,498	\$ 3,497,904	
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,718,253)	(2,559,992)	(2,624,531)	(2,665,782)	(2,666,685)	(2,674,252)	(3,027,623)	(3,189,498)	(3,497,904)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
District's covered payroll	18,877,717	\$ 17,381,941	\$ 18,788,917	\$ 18,890,633	\$ 18,537,850	\$ 18,153,666	\$ 17,830,601	\$ 17,999,355	\$ 17,378,406	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.4%	14.7%	14.0%	14.1%	14.4%	14.7%	17.0%	17.7%	20.1%	

\* Information prior to the year ended June 30, 2014 is not available.

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios**  
**Last Six Fiscal Years\***

	Year Ended June 30,					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>						
Service cost	\$ 44,433	\$ 62,594	\$ 63,446	\$ 48,735	\$ 64,740	\$ 62,478
Interest	37,514	55,205	76,422	71,973	88,770	73,046
Changes of assumptions	(102,021)	32,687	285,697	(112,663)	54,181	212,713
Differences between expected and actual experience	286,797	(642,089)	(318,316)	299,864	(479,991)	(141,709)
Benefit payments	(63,663)	(101,946)	(94,756)	(54,055)	(53,207)	(50,929)
Net changes in total OPEB liability	203,060	(593,549)	12,493	253,854	(325,507)	155,599
Total OPEB liability—beginning	1,671,820	2,265,369	2,252,876	1,999,022	2,324,529	2,168,930
Total OPEB liability—ending	<u>\$ 1,874,880</u>	<u>\$ 1,671,820</u>	<u>\$ 2,265,369</u>	<u>\$ 2,252,876</u>	<u>\$ 1,999,022</u>	<u>\$ 2,324,529</u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position</b>						
Contributions—employer	\$ 63,663	\$ 101,946	\$ 94,756	\$ 54,055	\$ 53,207	\$ 50,929
Benefit payments	(63,663)	(101,946)	(94,756)	(54,055)	(53,207)	(50,929)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position—ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>District's net OPEB liability—ending</b>	<u>\$ 1,874,880</u>	<u>\$ 1,671,820</u>	<u>\$ 2,265,369</u>	<u>\$ 2,252,876</u>	<u>\$ 1,999,022</u>	<u>\$ 2,324,529</u>
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,115,228	\$ 14,612,556	\$ 14,706,105	\$ 14,706,105	\$ 14,234,929	\$ 14,234,929
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.4%	11.4%	15.4%	15.3%	14.0%	16.3%

\*Information prior to the year ended June 30, 2017 is not available.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

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**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—**  
**Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual—General Fund**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

<b>REVENUES</b>	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		<b>Actual Amounts</b>	<b>Variance with Final Budget</b>
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Final</b>		
Local sources:				
Real property taxes and other tax items	\$ 136,261,138	\$ 136,261,138	\$ 136,822,982	\$ 561,844
Non-property taxes	10,550,000	10,550,000	14,587,776	4,037,776
Charges for services	139,000	139,000	500,199	361,199
Use of money and property	177,000	177,000	414,528	237,528
Sale of property and compensation for loss	20,550	20,550	41,953	21,403
Miscellaneous	310,118	397,169	1,004,442	607,273
State sources:				
Basic formula	41,241,981	41,241,981	30,827,045	(10,414,936)
Lottery	-	-	11,310,671	11,310,671
BOCES	2,403,064	2,403,064	4,293,981	1,890,917
Textbooks	1,014,954	1,014,954	638,304	(376,650)
Computer software	-	-	327,557	327,557
Library loan program	-	-	386,131	386,131
Other State aid	-	30,000	56,400	26,400
Federal sources:				
Emergency disaster	-	-	32,258	32,258
Medicaid assistance	3,186,162	3,186,162	760,469	(2,425,693)
Total revenues	<u>195,303,967</u>	<u>195,421,018</u>	<u>202,004,696</u>	<u>6,583,678</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES</b>				
Issuance of leases	-	-	503,325	503,325
Transfers in	13,000	13,000	-	(13,000)
Appropriated reserves	<u>4,130,000</u>	<u>17,130,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(17,130,000)</u>
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$ 199,446,967</u>	<u>\$ 212,564,018</u>	<u>\$ 202,508,021</u>	<u>\$ (10,055,997)</u>

(continued)

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—**  
**Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual—General Fund**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		<b>Actual</b>		(concluded)
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Final</b>	<b>Amounts</b>	<b>Encumbrances</b>	<b>Variance with Final Budget</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>					
General support:					
Board of Education	\$ 157,474	\$ 155,864	\$ 78,597	\$ -	\$ 77,267
Central administration	352,708	356,826	302,368	-	54,458
Finance	718,325	719,751	647,991	35,525	36,235
Staff	1,831,752	1,864,747	1,511,347	1,279	352,121
Central services	17,317,055	16,994,306	13,694,640	1,356,676	1,942,990
Special items	3,241,187	3,470,898	3,014,638	-	456,260
Instruction:					
Instruction, administration and improvement	7,318,912	7,342,216	6,907,401	109,523	325,292
Teaching—regular school	74,008,415	72,835,331	70,963,831	498,967	1,372,533
Programs for pupils with handicapping conditions	24,977,882	19,319,603	18,435,374	269	883,960
Occupational education	2,901,352	3,333,551	1,839,963	-	1,493,588
Teaching—special schools	804,114	815,411	432,930	1,271	381,210
Instructional media	5,225,175	5,074,710	4,464,017	29,468	581,225
Pupil services	10,218,649	10,618,251	9,264,245	14,535	1,339,471
Pupil transportation	8,593,801	9,131,527	8,981,761	13,140	136,626
Community services	20,000	20,000	-	-	20,000
Employee benefits	38,726,381	39,121,088	37,844,130	-	1,276,958
Debt service:					
Principal	-	471,472	471,472	-	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	5,066,585	181,928	181,928	-	-
Total expenditures/encumbrances	201,479,767	191,827,480	179,036,633	2,060,653	10,730,194
<b>OTHER FINANCING USES</b>					
Transfers out	5,750,719	28,520,057	28,420,057	-	100,000
Total expenditures/encumbrances and other financing uses	207,230,486	220,347,537	207,456,690	2,060,653	10,830,194
Net change in fund balance*	(7,783,519)	(7,783,519)	(4,948,669)		
Fund balance—beginning	83,284,339	83,284,339	83,284,339		
Fund balance—ending	<u>\$ 75,500,820</u>	<u>\$ 75,500,820</u>	<u>\$ 78,335,670</u>		

\* The net change in fund balance was included as an appropriation (i.e., spenddown) of fund balance and re-appropriation of prior year encumbrances.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

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**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**1. OPEB LIABILITY**

***Changes of Assumptions***—Changes of assumptions reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate, salary scale, and healthcare cost trend rate. The discount rate is based on the Fidelity Municipal Go AA 20-Year Bond rate as of the measurement date, which increased from 2.27% to 2.83% at June 30, 2022. The salary scale reflects the rate at which payroll amounts are expected to change over time and increased from 3.11% to 3.44% at June 30, 2022. In order to estimate the change in the cost of healthcare, the actuaries initial healthcare cost trend rate increased from 4.00% to 6.10%, while the ultimate healthcare cost trend rate increased from 4.08% to 4.37% at June 30, 2022.

**2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

***Budgetary Basis of Accounting***—Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America for the General Fund. The Capital Projects Fund is appropriated on a project-length basis. No formal annual budget is adopted for the Special Aid, School Lunch, Community Education, Student Activities, or Debt Service Funds. Appropriation limits, where applicable, for the Debt Service Fund and Special Aid Fund are maintained based on debt schedules and individual grants accepted by the Board of Education. The periods of such grants may vary from the District's fiscal year. Budgets are maintained for the School Lunch, Community Education, and Student Activities Funds as a management tool for internal control purposes.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The District's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the departmental level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expended in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

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## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget**  
**and the Real Property Tax Limit—General Fund**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget**

Adopted budget, 2021-2022	\$ 205,020,967
Add: Prior year's encumbrances	<u>2,209,519</u>
Original budget, 2021-2022	207,230,486
Budget revisions:	
Authorized Capital reserve transfer	13,000,000
Gifts and donations	<u>117,051</u>
Final budget, 2021-2022	<u><u>\$ 220,347,537</u></u>

**Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation**

2022-2023 Voter-approved expenditure budget	<u>\$ 212,528,086</u>	
Maximum allowed (4% of 2022-2023 budget)		<u><u>\$ 8,501,123</u></u>

General Fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law\*:

Unrestricted fund balance:		
Assigned fund balance	\$ 7,634,653	
Unassigned fund balance	<u>8,501,122</u>	
Total unrestricted fund balance		\$ 16,135,775

Less:

Appropriated fund balance	\$ 5,574,000	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	<u>2,060,653</u>	
Total adjustments		<u>7,634,653</u>

General Fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	<u><u>\$ 8,501,122</u></u>
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Actual percentage	4.00%
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Per Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", updated April 2011 (originally issued November 2010), the portion of General Fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classification), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Schedule of Capital Project Expenditures**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

Description	Original Appropriation	Revised Appropriation	Expenditures to Date			Unexpended Balance
			Prior Years	Current Year	Total	
Casey Middle School 2018	\$ 1,001,701	\$ 1,310,586	\$ 353,797	\$ 1,006,771	\$ 1,360,568	\$ (49,982)
Casey Middle School 2020	1,065,507	1,065,507	96,759	406,000	502,759	562,748
County Parkway Elementary 2020	4,579,224	4,579,224	96,741	2,003,977	2,100,718	2,478,506
Dodge Elementary 2020	1,036,469	1,036,469	96,741	202,689	299,430	737,039
East High School 2018	6,535,936	8,445,950	6,189,193	1,533,460	7,722,653	723,297
East High School 2020	1,416,838	1,416,838	96,759	287,577	384,336	1,032,502
Forest Elementary 2020	5,425,409	5,425,409	96,741	2,008,389	2,105,130	3,320,279
Heim Elementary 2020	2,061,278	2,061,278	96,741	203,500	300,241	1,761,037
Heim Middle School 2018	849,746	1,181,515	1,302,430	-	1,302,430	(120,915)
Heim Middle School 2020	2,623,851	2,623,851	96,741	257,000	353,741	2,270,110
Maple East Elementary 2020	4,786,066	4,786,066	96,741	1,527,557	1,624,298	3,161,768
Maple West Elementary 2020	1,664,011	1,664,011	96,741	1,997,031	2,093,772	(429,761)
Mill Middle 2018	1,081,615	1,449,650	1,687,116	-	1,687,116	(237,466)
Mill Middle 2020	1,226,899	1,226,899	96,741	901,000	997,741	229,158
North High School 2018	6,414,778	7,669,054	4,949,189	1,845,779	6,794,968	874,086
North High School 2020	13,114,572	13,114,572	101,441	3,014,072	3,115,513	9,999,059
South High School 2018	7,248,285	8,692,995	6,970,637	1,943,670	8,914,307	(221,312)
South High School 2020	2,263,227	2,263,227	102,141	569,495	671,636	1,591,591
Transit Middle School 2018	3,110,189	5,129,676	1,826,233	1,405,714	3,231,947	1,897,729
Transit Middle School 2020	1,980,924	1,980,924	97,403	292,432	389,835	1,591,089
Total	<u>\$ 69,486,525</u>	<u>\$ 77,123,701</u>	<u>\$ 24,547,026</u>	<u>\$ 21,406,113</u>	<u>\$ 45,953,139</u>	<u>\$ 31,170,562</u>

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Net Investment in Capital Assets**  
**June 30, 2022**

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Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		\$	195,361,692
Add:			
Unspent debt proceeds			23,595,044
Deferred charge on refunding			20,531
Deduct:			
Serial bonds	\$	(5,810,000)	
Premium on bonds payable		(414,020)	
Lease liability		(1,286,524)	
Bond anticipation notes		<u>(24,900,000)</u>	<u>(32,410,544)</u>
Net investment in capital assets		\$	<u>186,566,723</u>

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Combining Balance Sheet—**  
**Nonmajor Governmental Funds**  
**June 30, 2022**

	<b>School Lunch</b>	<b>Community Education</b>	<b>Student Activities</b>	<b>Debt Service</b>	<b>Total Nonmajor Funds</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,485,006	\$ 55,918	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,540,924
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	189,394	256,973	386,816	4,046	837,229
Intergovernmental receivables	914,553	-	-	-	914,553
Due from other funds	-	-	-	634,048	634,048
Inventories	120,992	-	-	-	120,992
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,709,945</u>	<u>\$ 312,891</u>	<u>\$ 386,816</u>	<u>\$ 638,094</u>	<u>\$ 5,047,746</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
Accounts payable	\$ 9,765	\$ 1,272	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,037
Accrued liabilities	12,030	1,418	-	-	13,448
Due to other funds	77,290	1,293	-	-	78,583
Due to retirement systems	30,207	5,282	-	-	35,489
Unearned revenue	189,394	256,973	-	-	446,367
Total liabilities	<u>318,686</u>	<u>266,238</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>584,924</u>
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>					
Nonspendable	120,992	-	-	-	120,992
Restricted	-	-	386,816	638,094	1,024,910
Assigned	3,270,267	46,653	-	-	3,316,920
Total fund balances	<u>3,391,259</u>	<u>46,653</u>	<u>386,816</u>	<u>638,094</u>	<u>4,462,822</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 3,709,945</u>	<u>\$ 312,891</u>	<u>\$ 386,816</u>	<u>\$ 638,094</u>	<u>\$ 5,047,746</u>

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—**  
**Nonmajor Governmental Funds**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	<b>School Lunch</b>	<b>Community Education</b>	<b>Student Activities</b>	<b>Debt Service</b>	<b>Total Nonmajor Funds</b>
<b>REVENUES</b>					
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 468,966	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 468,966
Use of money and property	390	43	-	1,381	1,814
Miscellaneous	45,945	-	-	504,225	550,170
State sources	77,362	-	-	-	77,362
Federal sources	4,833,818	-	-	-	4,833,818
Sales - food service	82,227	-	-	-	82,227
Student activity collections	-	-	601,021	-	601,021
Total revenues	<u>5,039,742</u>	<u>469,009</u>	<u>601,021</u>	<u>505,606</u>	<u>6,615,378</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>					
Current:					
Instruction	-	435,178	-	-	435,178
Employee benefits	-	48,102	-	-	48,102
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	915,000	915,000
Interest and other fiscal charges	-	-	-	247,794	247,794
Cost of sales (school lunch)	3,295,920	-	-	-	3,295,920
Student activities	-	-	602,590	-	602,590
Total expenditures	<u>3,295,920</u>	<u>483,280</u>	<u>602,590</u>	<u>1,162,794</u>	<u>5,544,584</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>1,743,822</u>	<u>(14,271)</u>	<u>(1,569)</u>	<u>(657,188)</u>	<u>1,070,794</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES</b>					
Transfers in	-	-	-	1,162,794	1,162,794
Total other financing sources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,162,794</u>	<u>1,162,794</u>
Net change in fund balance	1,743,822	(14,271)	(1,569)	505,606	2,233,588
Fund balances—beginning	<u>1,647,437</u>	<u>60,924</u>	<u>388,385</u>	<u>132,488</u>	<u>2,229,234</u>
Fund balances—ending	<u>\$ 3,391,259</u>	<u>\$ 46,653</u>	<u>\$ 386,816</u>	<u>\$ 638,094</u>	<u>\$ 4,462,822</u>

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## FEDERAL AWARDS INFORMATION



**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

<b>Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor Program or Cluster Title (1a)</b>	<b>Federal Assistance Listing Number (1b)</b>	<b>Pass-through Entity's Identifying Number (1c)</b>	<b>Passed - Through to Subrecipients</b>	<b>Total Federal Expenditures (1d)</b>
<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:</b>				
Passed through New York State Department of Agriculture:				
<i>Child Nutrition Cluster:</i>				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	n/a	\$ -	\$ 758,960
National School Lunch Program	10.555	n/a	-	3,400,970
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	n/a	-	673,888
<i>Total Child Nutrition Cluster</i>			-	4,833,818
<b>TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</b>			-	4,833,818
<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:</b>				
Passed through New York State Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-21-0725	-	39,504
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-22-0725	-	899,575
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			-	939,079
<i>Special Education Cluster:</i>				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	0032-21-0198	-	52,371
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	0032-22-0198	-	2,405,758
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	0033-21-0198	-	5,568
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	0033-22-0198	-	75,358
<i>Total Special Education Cluster</i>			-	2,539,055
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	0293-21-0725	-	56,249
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	0147-21-0725	-	225,256
Education Stabilization Fund:				
Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	5890-22-0725	-	921,644
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	5895-22-0725	-	2,935,310
American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425U	5880-21-0725	-	1,304,823
Total Education Stabilization Fund			-	5,161,777
<b>TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</b>			-	8,921,416
<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY:</b>				
Passed through New York State Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Services:				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	96.036	N/A	-	32,258
<b>TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY</b>			-	32,258
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (1e)</b>			\$ -	\$ 13,787,492

The notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

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**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the Williamsville Central School District, New York (the "District") under programs of federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District. The following notes were identified on the Schedule:

- a) Includes all federal award programs of the Williamsville Central School District, New York.
- b) Source: Federal Assistance Listing Numbers, previously known as Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance.
- c) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- d) Prepared under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and includes all federal award programs.
- e) Total federal expenditures for the District's 2021-2022 fiscal year are reconciled to Federal sources as reported in the basic financial statements as follows:

Balance per schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 13,787,492
Medicaid reimbursement	<u>760,469</u>
Total Federal sources per financial statements	<u><u>\$ 14,547,961</u></u>

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**3. NON-MONETARY FEDERAL PROGRAM**

The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements termed a "non-monetary program." During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District used \$318,407 worth of commodities.

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Certified Public Accountants

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL  
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND  
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL  
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH  
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

The Board of Education  
Williamsville Central School District, New York:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Williamsville Central School District, New York (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 11, 2022 (which report includes an other matter paragraph regarding the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87).

***Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting***

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

### ***Report on Compliance and Other Matters***

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Drescher & Malecki LLP*

October 11, 2022



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Certified Public Accountants

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE  
FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON  
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE  
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

The Board of Education  
Williamsville Central School District, New York:

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited the Williamsville Central School District, New York's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

***Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("*Government Auditing Standards*"); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* ("CFR") Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

### ***Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Drescher & Malecki LLP*

October 11, 2022



**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Section I. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS**

**Financial Statements:**

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified\*  
\*(which reported includes an other matter paragraph regarding the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87.)

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?	_____ Yes	_____ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	_____ Yes	_____ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None reported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	_____ Yes	_____ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

**Federal Awards:**

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?	_____ Yes	_____ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	_____ Yes	_____ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes ☒ No

Identification of major federal programs:

<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>	<u>ALN</u>
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553, 10.555, 10.559
Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D
American Rescue Plan—Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425U

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs? \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? \_\_\_\_\_ ☒ Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No

**Section II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

No findings noted.

**Section III. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONS COSTS**

No findings noted.

**WILLIAMSVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK**  
**Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2022**  
**(Follow-up on June 30, 2021 Findings)**

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No findings noted.